

# Antitheism — Rationalism

The Intuition/Deduction Thesis: Some propositions in a particular subject area,  $S$ , are knowable by us by intuition alone; still others are knowable by being deduced from intuited propositions. The Innate Knowledge Thesis: We have knowledge of some truths in a particular subject area,  $S$ , as part of our rational nature. The Innate Concept Thesis: We have some of the concepts we employ in a particular subject area,  $S$ , as part of our rational nature.

Website Reference: <https://plato.stanford.edu/entries/rationalism-empiricism/#Rati>

“Rationalism flounders on the truth that is obvious to everyone: the human mind is not autonomous, not suited to be the final criterion of all truth. We are limited. The rationalist can defend his position, then, only by limiting his rationalism to certain truths of which he thinks there is no question—that we exist, that we think, and so forth. Then he seeks to deduce all other truth from those statements and to deny the truthfulness of anything that cannot be so deduced. But the result of this is that the mind turns out to know only itself or, more precisely, to know only its thinking. Thought is thought of thinking. Only that can be known for certain. Once some more specific content is specified, certainty disappears.”

— John Frame, The Doctrine of the Knowledge of God, 60-61.